

$$\text{Tr} \left(\frac{dH}{dt} \right)^2 = \text{Tr} \left((d\Lambda)^2 + \Lambda dU \Lambda dU \right)$$

$$- \Lambda dU dU \Lambda - dU \Lambda \Lambda dU + dU \Lambda dU \Lambda$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \Lambda_{kk} & 0 \\ 0 & \Lambda_{kk} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^N (d\Lambda_{kk})^2 + 2 \text{Tr} \left(\Lambda^2 (dU)^2 \right)$$

$$+ 2 \Lambda dU \Lambda dU \sum_{ij} \Lambda_{ii} dU_{ij} \Lambda_{jj} dU_{ji}$$

$$\rightarrow \sum_{1 \leq k < j \leq N} \lambda_{kk}^2 \boxed{du_{kj} du_{jk}} + 2 \sum_{1 \leq k < j \leq N} \lambda_{kk} \lambda_{jj} \underline{du_{kj} du_{jk}}$$

$$\underline{du_{kj} \cdot du_{jk}} \Rightarrow (dx_{kj})^2 + (dy_{kj})^2$$

$$2 \left(\lambda_{kk}^2 + \lambda_{jj}^2 + 2\lambda_{kk}\lambda_{jj} \right) \underline{(dx_{kj})^2 + (dy_{kj})^2}$$

$$\underline{2(\lambda_{kk} - \lambda_{jj})^2 \underline{(dx_{kj})^2 + (dy_{kj})^2}} \quad \underline{N^2 - N}$$

$$\sum_{1 \leq i < j \leq N} (\lambda_{ii} - \lambda_{jj})^2 =$$

$N^2 \times N^2$

$$\left| \begin{array}{cccccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & \\ \lambda_{11} & \lambda_{22} & & & & \lambda_{nn} \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ \lambda_{N-1} & & & & & \\ \lambda_{11} & & & & & \end{array} \right|^2$$

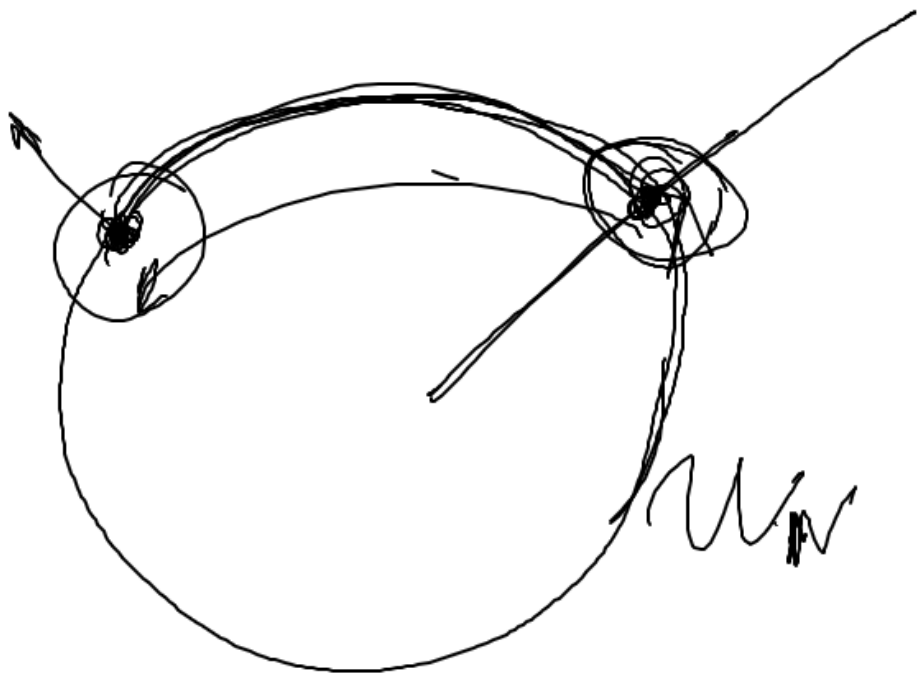
$$\frac{T_n(N)}{(2n-1)!!}$$

$$\frac{T_n(N)}{2n} = \frac{1}{\pi^n} \int \text{Tr}(H)^{2n} e^{-\text{Tr} H^2} \sqrt{G} d\dots$$

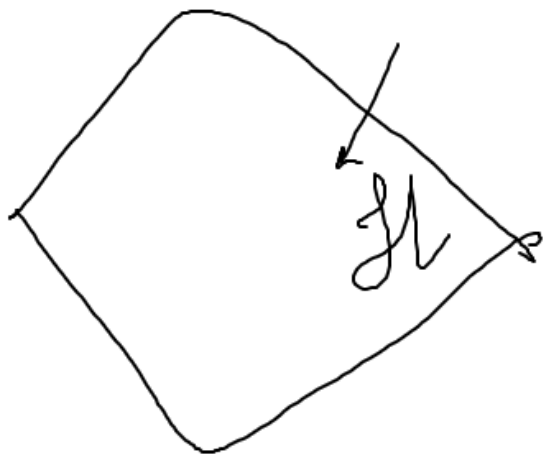
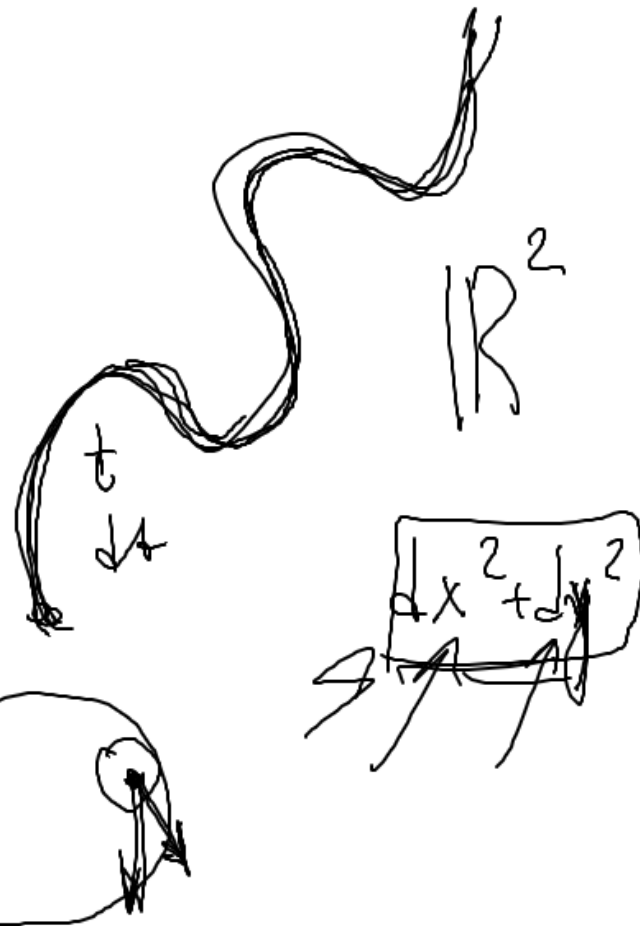
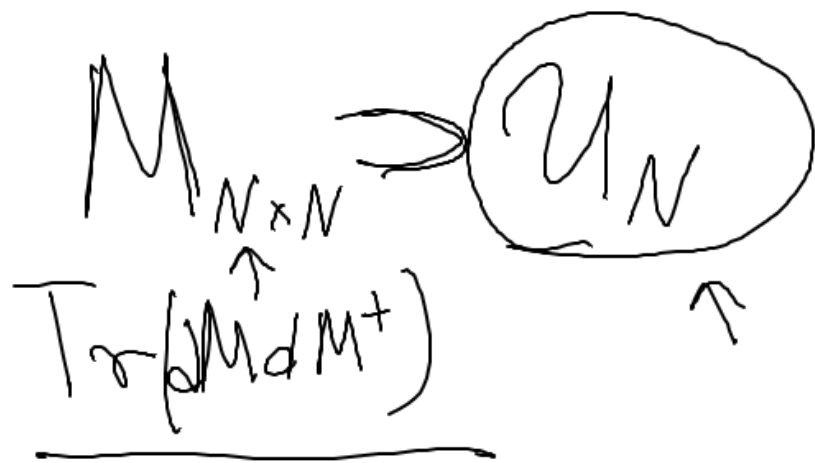
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$$\int_{U^* H U}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi^n} \int_{\Lambda \times U} \text{Tr}(\Lambda)^{2n} e^{-\text{Tr} \Lambda^2} \prod_{i < j} (\lambda_{ii} - \lambda_{jj})^2 dh_{ii} d\lambda_{ij} dU$$



$$u^{\mu} M_{\mu\nu}$$
$$\text{Tr}(dM dM^{\dagger})$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{1}{\pi^N} \int_{\mathbb{R}^N} \prod_{k=1}^N \lambda_k^{2n} e^{-\sum \lambda_k^2} \prod_{k < j} (\lambda_k - \lambda_j)^2 d\lambda_{11} \dots d\lambda_{NN} \\
 &= \frac{1}{\pi^N} \int_{\mathbb{R}} \prod_{k=1}^N \lambda_k^{2n} e^{-\lambda_k^2} d\lambda_k \\
 &= \frac{1}{\pi^N} \int_{\mathbb{R}} \lambda_1^{2N-2+2n} e^{-\lambda_1^2} d\lambda_1 \\
 &= \frac{1}{\pi^N} \int_{\mathbb{R}} \lambda_1^{2N-2+2n} e^{-\lambda_1^2} d\lambda_1
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2^n \frac{(2n+2k-1)!!}{2^{k+n} (2n-1)!!}$$

$$= \frac{(2n+2k-1) \cdots (2n+1)}{2^k}$$

$$\frac{2N-2+2k}{\quad}$$

$$2^{2n+2k}$$

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$$\frac{T_n(N) \leftarrow}{(2n-1)!!} = \sum \sum T_n(k)$$
