## Algebraic Bethe ansatz - 2025

## Problems 1

1. Let the number of sites N of the Heisenberg XYZ spin chain be even. Show that

$$H^{\text{xyz}}(J_x, J_y, -J_z) = -\mathcal{U}H^{\text{xyz}}(J_x, J_y, J_z)\mathcal{U}^{-1},$$

where  $\mathcal{U} = \sigma_z^{(2)} \sigma_z^{(4)} \sigma_z^{(6)} \dots \sigma_z^{(N)}$ .

2. Find the spectrum of the XYZ Heisenberg spin chain for N=2:

$$H = J_x \sigma_x^{(1)} \sigma_x^{(2)} + J_y \sigma_y^{(1)} \sigma_y^{(2)} + J_z \sigma_z^{(1)} \sigma_z^{(2)}.$$

Separately consider the cases of the XXX  $(J_x = J_y = J_z)$  and XXZ  $(J_x = J_y \neq J_z)$  models and compare with the solution obtained through the Bethe ansatz.

3. Find the spectrum of the XXX model on 3 sites with periodic boundary conditions:

$$H^{\text{xxx}} = -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{k=1}^{3} \left( \vec{\sigma}^{(k)} \vec{\sigma}^{(k+1)} - 1 \right), \qquad \vec{\sigma}^{(4)} \equiv \vec{\sigma}^{(1)}.$$

Find multiplicities of the energy levels.

4. Consider the XXX model on N sites with periodic boundary conditions:

$$H^{\text{xxx}} = -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{k=1}^{N} \left( \vec{\sigma}^{(k)} \vec{\sigma}^{(k+1)} - 1 \right), \qquad \vec{\sigma}^{(N+1)} \equiv \vec{\sigma}^{(1)}.$$

Let  $\vec{S}$  be the vector of the total spin:  $\vec{S} = \sum_j \vec{\sigma}^{(j)}$ . Let  $|\Psi_m\rangle$  be Bethe states with m magnons (i.e. eigenstates of the Hamiltonian such that  $S_z |\Psi_m\rangle = (N-2m) |\Psi_m\rangle$  and the corresponding Bethe roots  $\lambda_i < \infty$ ). Prove that  $S_+ |\Psi_m\rangle = 0$  for m = 1, 2. Try to prove this for m > 2 (this is a rather difficult problem).

- 5. For the Bethe states  $|\Psi_m\rangle$  from the previous problem prove that any two different such states are orthogonal  $(\langle \Psi'_{m'} | \Psi_m \rangle = 0$  for all possible m, m' and find squares of their norms  $\langle \Psi_m | \Psi_m \rangle$  for m = 1, 2, 3.
- 6. Consider the "open" XXX spin chain with the Hamiltonian

$$H = \sum_{k=1}^{N-1} \vec{\sigma}^{(k)} \vec{\sigma}^{(k+1)}.$$

Show that the state with all spins up is an eigenstate. Find the eigenstates with m inverted spins for m = 1, 2, 3 (and try to do this for any m) and see how the Bethe equations are modified in this case.

7. Consider the XXX model on N sites with quasiperiodic (twisted) boundary conditions:

$$H = \sum_{k=1}^{N} \vec{\sigma}^{(k)} \vec{\sigma}^{(k+1)}, \qquad \sigma_{\alpha}^{(N+1)} \equiv U \sigma_{\alpha}^{(1)}, \quad \alpha = 1, 2, 3,$$

where U is a  $2\times 2$  diagonal matrix. Find Bethe states with the corresponding eigenvalues and see how the Bethe equations are modified in this case.